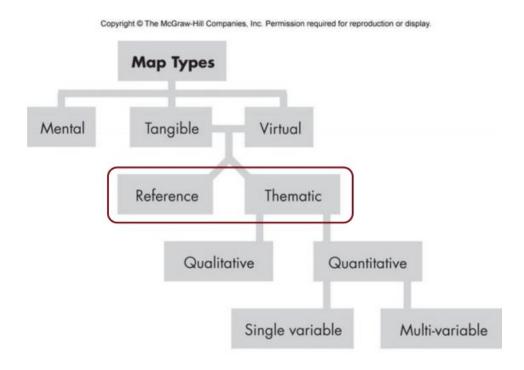
Thematic Cartography

GEOG 5201 – Spring 2022

Outline

- Thematic maps
 - Concepts
 - Applications
- The map communication model

- What is cartography?
 - "The discipline dealing with the conception, production, dissemination, and study of maps" (The international Cartographic Association (ICA))



General-reference maps

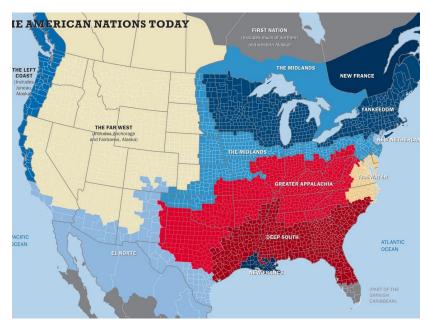
- Emphasize locations of spatial phenomena
- Usually used to determine the location of objects (natural or/and man-made) from geographic environment

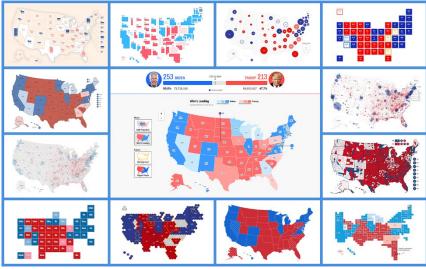




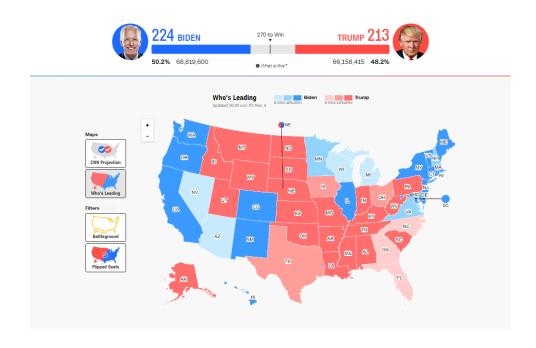
Thematic maps

• Emphasize the *spatial pattern* of one or more geographic attributes (or variables), such as population density, family income, and daily temperature maximum

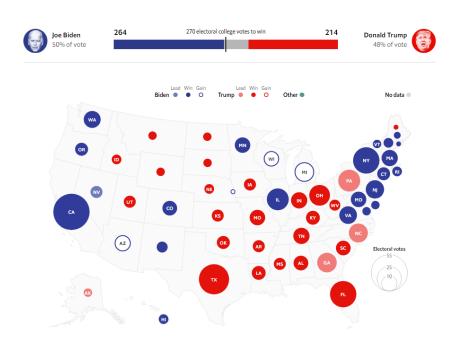


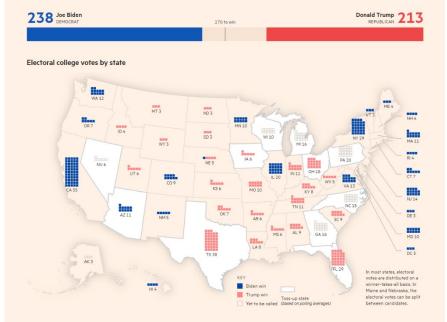


- A common thematic map is the choropleth map
 - Enumeration units (or data collection units such as states) are shaded to represent different magnitude of an attribute



- There are other thematic maps
 - Examples: proportional symbol, dot density, flow

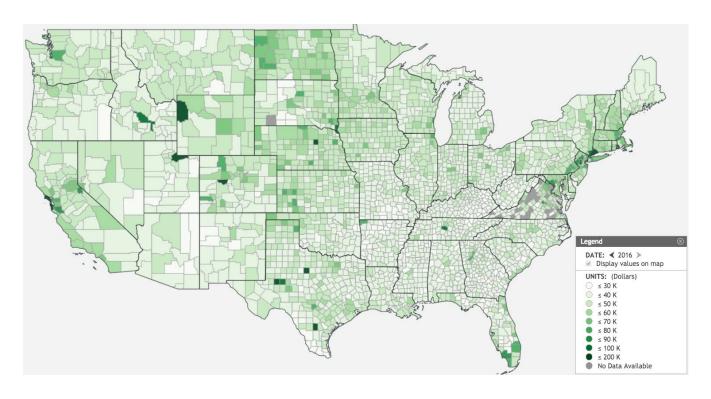




- The general-reference map can also be viewed as a thematic map in which multiple attributes are displayed simultaneously (or, multivariate thematic map)
 - If we focus on the spatial pattern (instead of just locations) of particular attributes (e.g., the pattern of airports or rivers)

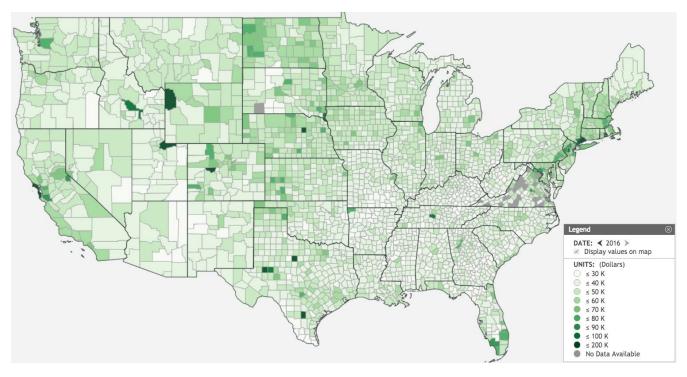


• To provide specific information about particular locations



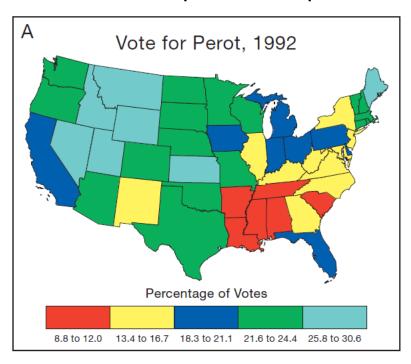
Per capita income in Ohio counties is between 40k to 70k

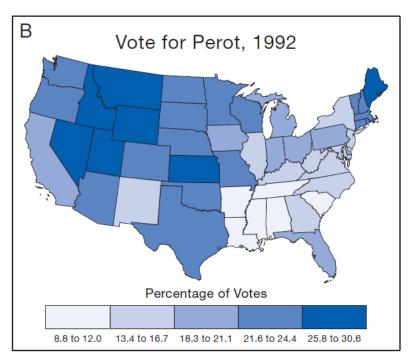
- To provide general information about spatial patterns
 - Obtaining general information requires an overall analysis of the map



Per capita income is relatively higher in east and west coasts

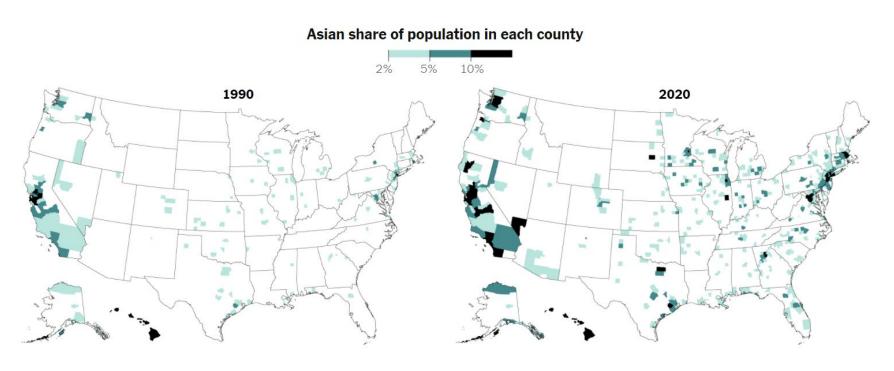
Inordinate emphasis on specific information?





Source: Famighett, R. (1993) *The Macmillan World Almanac Book of Facts 1994*. Mahwah, NJ: Funk & Wagnalls.

- To compare patterns on two or more maps
 - Interactive mapping now enables comparing arbitrarily selected distributions



Question 1-1-1

- a. How do thematic maps differ from general-reference maps?
- b. If we want to emphasize the spatial distribution of population using a choropleth map, what kind of color schemes might be more appropriate?
 - i. Random color schemes
 - ii. Continuous color schemes

Conventional Cartographic Paradigm: Map Communication Model

- Step 1: Consider what the real-world distribution of the phenomenon might look like
 - "What would the distribution of the phenomenon look like if I were to view it while traveling across the landscape?"
- Step 2: Determine the purpose of the map and its intended audience
 - Match the real-world? Map distribution at a particular geographic level?
- Step 3: Collect data appropriate for the map's use
 - Ancillary data can also be helpful
- Step 4: Design and construct the map
 - Use appropriate map elements
- Step 5: Determine whether users find the maps useful and informative
 - Feedback from your audience!